

GITTIK, A.S., kand.med.nauk

"Neurorheumatism" by V.V.Mikheev. Reviewed by A.S.Gittik.
Vop.revnu. 1 no.2:91-92 Ap-Je '61. (MIRA 16:4)
(RHEUMATIC FEVER) (MIKHEEV, V.V.)

GITTIK, L.S.

Some clinical variations in the development of chorea minor. Zhur.
nevr. i psikh. 56 no.9:714-717 '56. (MIRA 9:11)

1. Iz nevrologicheskogo otdeleniya Volynskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy
(glavnyy vrach P.I.Levashko)

(CHOREA

minor, variations of develop. (Rus))

GITTIK, L.S. (Lutsk)

Corticodiencephalic syndrome in rheumatic fever. Klin.med. 35 no.9:
89-95 S '57. (MIRA 10:11)

1. Iz nevrologicheskogo otdeleniya volynskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy
(glavnyy vrach - zasluzhennyy vrach USSR N.G.Makarov).

(RHEUMATISM

cortico-diencephalic synd. analysis)

(DIENTEPHALON, dis.

cortico-diencephalic synd. in rheum.)

(CEREBRAL CORTEX, dis.

same)

GITTIK, L.S.

Hyperkinesia-epilepsy in rheumatic lesions of the brain. [with summary in French]. Zhur. nevr. i psikh. 58 no.7:836-839 '58 (MIRA 11:7)

1. Nevrologicheskoye otdeleniye (zav. L.S. Gittik) Volynskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy.

(RHEUMATIC FEVER, compl.

encephalitis with hyperkinesia & epilepsy (Rus))

(ENCEPHALITIS, in infant and child,

caused by rheum., with hyperkinesia & epilepsy (Rus))

(EPILEPSY, in inf. & child.

in rheum. encephalitis, with hyperkinesia (Rus))

(MOVEMENT DISORDERS, in inf. & child.

hyperkinesia with epilepsy in rheum. encephalitis (Rus))

GITTIK, L.S.

Clinical picture of an epileptiform syndrome in rheumatic disorder of the brain. Klin. med. 37 no.5:82-94 My '59. (MIRA 12:8)

1. Iz nevrologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. L.S.Gittik) Volynskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach A.N. Krayzman, nauchnyy rukovoditel' raboty - zasluzhennyy deyatel' nauki prof. N.V. Mirtovskiy).

(RHEUMATISM, compl.

epileptiform synd. (this))

(EPILEPSY, etiol. & pathogen.

epileptiform synd. in rheum. (this))

GITTIK, L. S., Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "Clinical study of neurological disturbances in rheumatic affection of the brain." Lutsk, 1960. 20 pp; (Khar'kov State Medical Inst); 300 copies; price not given; bibliography at end of text (10 entries); (KL, 30-60, 140)

GITTIK, L.S.; SKLYANSKAYA, O.S.

Harada's disease (Meningoencephalouveitis). Vrach. delo no.4:
135-136 Ap '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Volynskaya oblastnaya bol'nitsa (glavvrach A.N.Krayzman).
(MENINGES—DISEASES) (EYE—DISEASES AND DEFECTS)

GITTIK, L.S., kand.med.nauk; BOLOTINA, A.L., kand.med.nauk

General clinical characteristics of cerebral rheumatism.
Vop.revm. 1 no.3:79-86 J1-S '61. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Iz nevrologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. - kand.med.nauk L.S. Gittik) Volynskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach A.N. Krayzman) i Volynskogo oblastnogo otdela zdravookhraneniya (zav. P.I.Levashko).
(RHEUMATIC FEVER) (BRAIN—DISEASES)

GITTIK, L.S. (Lutsk)

Meningo-encephalitis syndromes in rheumatic lesions of the brain.
Klin.med. 39 no.3:103-109 M^r '61. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Iz nevrologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. L.S. Gittik) Volynskoy
oblastnoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach A.I. Krayzman, nauchnye
rukovoditeli - zasluzhennyy deyatel' nauki prof. N.V. Mirtovskiy
[deceased] i starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik Ukrainakogo psikho-
nevrologicheskogo instituta Kh.N. Zil'bershteyn).
(RHEUMATIC FEVER) (ENCEPHALOMYELITIS)

GITTIK, L.S., kand. med. nauk; DAVIDOVICH, S.Ya. (Lutsk)

Clinical aspects and treatment of so-called Takayasu's syndrome.
Klin.med. 40 no.5:29-34 '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Iz nevrologicheskikh otdeleniyy Vol'nskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy
(glavnyy vrach A.N. Krayzman) i Lutskoy gorodskoy bol'nitsy No.2
(glavnyy vrach F.Ye. Shevchenko).
(PULSE)

GITTIK, L.S., kand. med. nauk

Nature of chorea gravidarum and the tactics of its treatment. Sov. med. 26 no.4:128-131 Ap '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Iz nevrologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. - kand. med. nauk L.S. Gittik) Volynskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach A.N. Krayzman).

(1) $\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{x}} \right) = \frac{\partial L}{\partial x}$

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• *Neurology* 1999;53:1299-1304. *doi:10.1213/00006123-199905000-00054*

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• *Neurology* 1999;53:1353-1358. *doi:10.1213/00006123-199905000-00063*

• *Neurology* 1999;53:1359-

GITTIK, Leonid Samoylovich [Hittyk, L.S.], kand. med. nauk;
MAN'KOVSKIY, N.B. [Man'kovs'kyi, N.B.], red.

[Chorea minor] Mala khoreia. Kyiv, Zdorov'ia, 1966. 186 p.
(MIRA 19:1)

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~~CIA-RDP86-00513R0005~~

GITTIS, V. Yu.

DECEASED

1962

1963

Engines

GITTIS, Vladimir Yul'yevich [deceased]; BONDARENKO, Vladimir Leonidovich;
YEFIMOV, Teodor Petrovich; POLYAKOV, Yuriy Gavrilovich [deceased];
CHURBANOV, Boris Mikhaylovich; NEBESNOV, V.I., doktor tekhn. nauk,
prof., retsazent; PERVOV, V.M., red.

[Theoretical principles of the operation of marine diesel
engines] Teoreticheskie osnovy ekspluatatsii sudovykh di
zelei. Moskva, Transport, 1965. 375 p. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Glavnyy spetsialist Ministerstva morskogo flota SSSR
(for Pervov).

L 16841-66	EWT(m)/T	WE	
ACC NR: AM0000299	(N)	Monograph	UR/
Gittis, Vladimir Yul'yevich; Bondarenko, Vladimir Leonidovich; YEFIMOV, Teodor Petrovich; Polyakov, YURIY Gavrilovich; Churbanov, Boris Mikhaylovich			
Theoretical principles of the operation of marine diesel engines (Teoreticheskiye osnovy ekspluatatsii sudovyykh dizeley) Moscow [Izd-vo "Transport"] 1965. 375 p. illus., biblio. 3000 copies printed. 23.44.55 47 B+1			
TOPIC TAGS: diesel engine, internal combustion engine, engine performance characteristic, shipbuilding engineering, marine engineering, marine engine			
PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book is intended for engineers and technicians working with marine diesel power units, and may be used as a textbook by students and degree candidates in higher educational institutions and marine and shipbuilding institutes. The book attempts to relate the theory of internal-combustion engines, propellers, and hydraulic resistance to the actual operation of diesel-engine units. Problems involving fuel combustion and heat distribution in engines are reviewed along with the operating characteristics of diesels under shipboard conditions. The effect of use conditions on diesel operation and the monitoring of the quality of diesel operation under various ship running conditions are discussed. Recommendations are given for selecting diesel operating conditions, and methods are presented for plotting and using capacity charts for monitoring the propulsion gear (engine, screw, hull) of a vessel. The authors thank Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor V. I. Nebesnov for his valuable remarks and suggestions.			
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L 16841-66

ACC NR: AM6000299

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Ch. II. The variation in the working-process parameters of a diesel during operation according to different characteristics — 33

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Ch. IV. Operating conditions of marine diesels — 227

Ch. V. The use of capacity (initial) charts for monitoring the quality of operation and condition of marine diesels — 332

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SUB CODE: 13,21/ SUBM DATE: 28Jul65/ ORIG REF: 089/ OTH REF: 007

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Git
GITTS, Yu., prof.

Improving working conditions for drivers. Avt. transp. 36 no.1:31
Ja '58. (MIRA 11:1)

(Automobile drivers)

GITTSEVICH, G.A., inzhener.

Causes of explosions of air-fractionating apparatuses. Kislород
10 no.2:27-33 '57. (MLRA 10:9)
(Liquid air) (Distillation, Fractional) (Oxygen)

GITTSEVICH, G.A., inzh.

Changing the color of bottles for pure argon. Kislorod 10 no.4:28
'57. (MIRA 11:2)

(Argon)

GITTSEVICH, G.A., inzh.

Producing and purifying argon. Kislod 10 no.4:29-38 '57.
(MIRA 11:2)

(Argon)

GITTSEVICH, G. A.

AUTHOR: Gittseovich, G. A.; Engineer 67-1-3/20

TITLE: Production of Liquid Oxygen for Medical Purposes Without Repeated Condensation (Polucheniye zhidkogo kisloroda dlya meditsinskikh tsелей bez povtornoy kondensatsii)

PERIODICAL: Kislород. 1958, Nr 1, pp. 26-29 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The liquid oxygen used for medical purposes must be absolutely pure, since e.g. already the smallest ingredient of a lubricant from the apparatus renders it useless because of bad smell. Repeated purification in this case has proved to be complicated and uneconomical. For this reason an additional attachment CR-502 was designed by the All Union Scientific Research Institute for the Design of Oxygen Machines which dries the air and simultaneously purifies it from fat fractions. It consists of a filter of coarsely grained active alumina, 2 adsorbents, 2 further filters and a nitrogen blast with a heating body. As it is described here, the device was used without success in the beginning. The difficulties of its application were overcome by the introduction of a perforated cover on the filters allowing

Production of Liquid Oxygen for Medical purposes Without Repeated Condensation 67-1-3/20

down the air current and fractionating it uniformly. According to the data of construction the air should be supplied to the adsorbents from below upwards. In the paper this order is criticized because the author is of the opinion that in this case the possible air blast may press up the filling of the adsorbent which may reduce its function; for this reason it is recommended to supply the air from above to below. For complete security and in order to avoid oil fractions (inspite of the use of the additional attachment) in the produced medical oxygen, it is recommended to attach another filter at the outlet of the detender. There are 8 figures

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1. Industry-USSR
2. Liquid oxygen-Production
3. Medical-Applications

SOV/67-58-6-6/22

5(1)

AUTHORS:

Gittsevich, G. A., Engineer, Lavrov, A. I.

TITLE:

Grease Removal From Air-Fractionating Apparatus and Containers for Liquid Oxygen (Promyvka ot masla vozdukhorazdelitel'nykh apparatov i sudov dlya zhidkogo kisloroda)

PERIODICAL:

Kislorod, 1958, Nr 6, pp 25 - 27 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

A communication provided for in the designs of the installations and containers allows their cleaning by circulatory washing. A preceding thorough cleaning of the air of oil components from the compressors allows washing to be limited to once a year. Carbon chloride (GOST 5627-51) is used as a solvent in the washing process. It is non-inflammable and non-explosive. The detrimental encrustments in copper tubes form only if action lasts as long as 24 hours. Washing, however, does never take more than 6 hours. A special distillation device (Scheme in Fig 1) is provided for the regeneration of the solvent. The washing procedure is illustrated in figure 2; it takes place in the direction opposite to the air current, that is, from top downwards. Washing is done in various stages. The complete draining

Card 1/2

Grease Removal From Air-Fractionating Apparatus and
Containers for Liquid Oxygen

SOV/67-58-6-6/22

of the solvent is secured. After drainage is completed, hot
nitrogen is blown through for overall drying. There are
2 figures.

AUTHOR: Gittsevich, G.A., Consulting Engineer 67-58-3-13/18

TITLE: Technical Consultation (Tekhnicheskaya konsul'tatsiya)
Reply to Readers' Questions (Otvety chitatel'nyam)

PERIODICAL: Kisl'orod, 1958, . . . Nr 3, pp. 44-45 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: To Tov. A.A.Gusev, Dnepropetrovsk:
Question: In "Kisl'orod" Nr 3, 1957, consulting engineer Rusak recommends that, for the purpose of collecting drops of oil in oxygen apparatus, filters with a flannel inset be used, and in "Kisl'orod" Nr 2, 1957, pp. 27-33, consulting engineer Gittsevich recommends that the cloth of military great-coats be used for the same purpose. Which of the two materials is better?
Answer: Consulting engineer Rusak deals with the case in which the air filter is behind the air compressor, whereas in the present case it is behind the "detander" (a machine driven by compressed gas) in which case military cloth is to be recommended. Also the advice given by the aforementioned consulting engineer Gittsevich in his article published in "Kisl'orod" should receive preferred treatment.
Question: Can light fractions of oil at temperatures of from -120° to -130° in thin air be deposited on the "detander" (a machine

Technical Consultation. Reply to Readers' Questions

67-58-3-13/18

driven by compressed gas) filter ?

Answer: If the adsorption block is properly adjusted for air drying and if the used-up adsorbent is exchanged in time, no light oil fractions can occur in the air of the "detander". The bad smell caused by heating the adsorbent indicates faulty operation of the block and shows that it is necessary to exchange the adsorbent. Only part of the aforementioned oil fractions can be deposited.

Question: Are there methods by means of which oil fractions in liquid oxygen can be determined in accordance with works-laboratory conditions ?

Answer: As already mentioned, bad smell is a sure sign of the presence of oil fractions in oxygen. But also in this case there exists a method according to VNIKBASH, which is based upon the property of acetic acid of becoming dim as a result of the influence exercised by oil fractions. A detailed description is given on p.401 of the work on "Oxygen Production" by D.L.Glizmanenko, which was published in 1957.

1. Oxygen--Production
2. Industrial equipment--Performance
3. Industrial equipment--Maintenance
4. Oils--Determination

Card 2/2

GITSEVICH, G.A., inzh., konsul'tant: TOROPOV, S.A., kand.tekhn.nauk,
konsul'tant; STOLPER, M.B., inzh., konsul'tant

Answers to the readers. Kislord 11 no.6:41-43 '58. (MIRA 12:3)
(Air--Analysis) (Insulating materials)

GITTSEVICH, G.A., inzh.

Experience in the operation and improvement of the G-540 expander.
Kislored 12 no.1:27-31 '59. (MIRA 12:6)
(Refrigeration and refrigerating machinery)

5(3) 11(1) 14(1)

SOV/67-59-3-3/27

AUTHORS: Gittsevich, G. A., Engineer, Basyrov, Z. B., Engineer,
Sagaydak, V. G., Engineer

TITLE: New Data on the Explodibility of Hydrocarbon Mixtures in
Liquid Oxygen (Novyye dannyye o vzryvayemosti smesey ugle-
vodorodov v zhidkom kislorode)

PERIODICAL: Kislород, 1959, Nr 3, pp 12 - 16 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In this paper artificially obtained light hydrocarbons which
form in the action of high pressure in the last stages of the
compressors from lubricants are investigated with respect
to their explodibility in liquid oxygen. For this purpose
cylinder oil of the type P-28 was subjected to thermal crack-
ing at 180 atmospheres excess pressure and at 200-350° in an
autoclave (Fig 1). The apparatus is described. The following
resulted from the cracking process: gaseous hydrocarbons,
carbon dioxide, liquid hydrocarbons and a mass with signs
of coking as solid residue. The formation of liquid, easily
volatile cracking products which have a characteristic smell
was observed at 145° and at a pressure of 185 ata which is
in agreement with practical experience. The explosion tests
were carried out with liquid hydrocarbons with a boiling
point at 60-100°. Engineer T. K. Zhmakov assisted in these

Card 1/2

New Data on the Explodibility of Hydrocarbon Mixtures SOV/67-59-3-3/27
in Liquid Oxygen

tests. The explodibility of the hydrocarbons in liquid oxygen was determined by its sensitivity to pressure impulses. The character of an explosion occurring at a correspondingly high pressure impulse was determined from the destruction of the vessel. In table 2 the impulses necessary for an explosion of the individual mixtures investigated are listed. For comparison purposes parallel investigations were carried out with nitroglycerin. These experiments were conducted by N. D. Maurina. All hydrocarbon mixtures investigated showed a higher sensitivity to pressure impulses than nitroglycerin. An accumulation of hydrocarbons in liquid oxygen beyond the explosion limit is therefore most dangerous. No acetylen was found in the cracking product (Table 1). There are 2 figures, 2 tables, and 6 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

KLETS, N.I.; KOLSHNIK, R.S.; KOLSHINSKAYA, N.I.; GITSEVICH, M.A.

Comparative characteristics of three live antiplague vaccines
(NV, 17, NV-17), obtained by the deep method. Izv. Irk. gos. nauch.-
issl. protivochum. inst. 20:171+174 '59. (MIRA 13:7)
(PLAGUE)

GITTSIGRAT, E.E.; SHITIKHIN, V.V.

New device for oriented core extraction from slim holes.

Razved.i okh.nedr. 28 no.11:58-61 N '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Vseboyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tekhniki
razvedki,

(Core drilling—Equipment and supplies)

GITTSIGRAT, Ernest Ernestovich; PINKEVICH, Al'bert Al'bertovich;
VINOGRADOVA, Larisa Vasil'yevna; UTKIN, I.A., doktor tekhn.
nauk, prof., red.; REYKHERT, L.A., red. red.; YASHCHURZHINSKAYA,
A.B., tekhn. red.

[English-Russian dictionary on exploration drilling] Anglo-
russkii terminologicheskii slovar' po geologopiskovomu bureniiu.
Pod red. I.A.Utkina. Leningrad, Gostoptekhzdat, 1963. 318 p.
(English language--Dictionaries--Russian) (MIRA 16:12)
(Boring--Dictionaries)

ACC NR: AM6015327

Monograph

UR/

Onoshko, YUriy Anatol'yevich; Gittsigrat, Ernest Ernestovich; Kornilov, Nikita Ivanovich; Kokovkin, Viktor Sergeyevich

Drilling holes with diamond bits (Bureniye skvazhin almaznymi dolotami) Leningrad, Izd-vo "Nedra", 1965. 307 p. illus., biblio. 2000 copies printed.

TOPIC TAGS: drilling, diamond bit drilling, drilling tool, drilling equipment, geologic survey, geologic prospecting, diamond specification

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book is intended for geological engineering personnel and for students of geological survey tekhnikuns. It may also serve as textbook for improving the qualifications of drilling teams. The book reviews the most important properties of diamonds used for drilling geological survey holes in rocks of various hardness. Designs of equipment and tools used in drilling with diamond bits and methods and procedures applied to drill test holes are discussed in detail.

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SUB CODE: 08/ SUBM DATE: 06Dec65/ ORIG REF: 032/ OTH REF: 018

18(7)

R/009/60/02/005/050
D0015/D3001

AUTHORS: Manolache, Mircea, Lecturer and Engineer; and Giuch,
Corneliu, Assistant and Engineer

TITLE: Experiments on the Resistance to Corrosion⁶ of
Aluminum and Duralumin

PERIODICAL: Metalurgia și Construcția de Mașini, 1960, Nr 2,
pp 112-115

ABSTRACT: The authors subjected some samples of commercial aluminum and duralumin cut from sheet metal to laboratory treatment with saline solutions and others to the influence of sea water. The first group of samples was treated in the laboratory of Institutul Politehnic (Polytechnical Institute) in Galați, the second in the Black Sea near Costinești beach. Both series of experiments were carried out between 21 Jun and 25 Sep 1958. Unprotected and protected samples, the latter treated against corrosion by anodic oxidation, were used; one series of samples was exposed to the electro-

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DO015/D3001

Experiments on the Resistance to Corrosion of Aluminum and Duralumin

lytic bath with sulfuric acid and another series to the electrolytic bath with oxalic acid. The authors describe briefly the preparation of the experiments and the results achieved. They state: a) that the aluminum samples resisted corrosion better than the duralumin ones; b) that the samples which were not in contact with other metals resisted corrosion better than others, the aluminum samples not being affected at all in such cases; c) corrosion was worst - electrolytic corrosion - when brass, was used. Even the anodically oxidized samples were affected; d) protection by anodic oxidation is not efficient if the oxide pellicle shows perforations, scratches, impurities, etc.; e) in the case of duralumin anodic oxidation by anodizing processing gave better results in some cases. In conclusion the authors establish

Card 2/3

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D0015/D3001

Experiments on the Resistance to Corrosion of Aluminum and Duralumin

that contact of aluminum or its alloys with copper alloys or iron alloys should be avoided and they should be insulated to preclude electro-corrosion. If contact cannot be avoided the contacting surfaces should be smoothed and finished to prevent the water from penetrating the interstices. Insulation might also be achieved by coating the metal with paint. The surface of pieces anodically oxidized should have no scratches or chinks, not even superficial ones. There are 4 sets of photos, 2 tables, 1 figure and 4 references, 3 of which French and 1 Rumanian.

Card 3/3

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#0:261: Aug 55

CODREANU, D., ing.; GIUCLEA, V.

Exploitation of some oil fields in the region of Oltenia with maintenance of pressure by water injections. Petrol si gaze
12 no.8:358-367 Ag '62.

1. Institutul de Cercetari pentru Foraj si Extractie, Cimpina.

CODREANU, D., ing.; GIUCLEA, V., ing.

Behavior of a crude oil deposit exploited by a dissolved-gas
method. Petrol si gaze 15 no. 6:281-286 Je '64.

GIUDAREANU, S.

RUMANIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products
and Their Uses. Part I. Water Treatment.
Serag: Waters.

H

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 15, 1958, 50766

Author : Grosz, E.; Straus, E.; Giudareanu, S.

Inst : -

Title : Chlorinators for Microhydrostations.

Orig Pub : Igiena, 1957, 6, No 4, 369-373

Abstract : Given are drawings for two types of auto-
matic chlorinators for chlorination of
free-flowing water. -- E. Turkovitch

Card : 1/1

GIUDZHINOV, M.

Electrification of cooperative farms. p.26.
(Kooperativno Zemelnie Vol. 10, no. 8, Aug. 1955, Sofiya)

SO:: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (REAL). LG, Vol. 4, No. 11,
Nov. 1955, Uncl.

GUDZHENOV, N.

Utilization of electric power on cooperative farms and state farms. p.26.
KOOPERATIVNO ZEMEDLIE, Sofiya, Vol. 11, no. 2, Feb. 1956.

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAK), LC, Vol. 5, No. 6 June 1956, Uncl.

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NICULESCU, Ion T.; CAHGI-PAESCHIV, A.; ONICESCU, Doina; RAILCANU, Iona;
GIUGARIU, D.; DEDIU, St.; OPRISCO-LISSIVIEVICI, Elena; TRITU, P.

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(PANCREAS, innervation
anat. of nerve endings)

RADN/...

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no. 6 (1975-76) 10-10-76.

TOMA, Ioana, ing.; GIUGLEA, Aurelia, ing.

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no. 3:105-112 Mr 62.

GIUGLEA, Constantin, bibliotecar

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apartment houses in large panels. Constr Buc 16 no.735:4
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DINULESCU, Gh.; STORNESCU, D.; RIGMAN, T.; RAUCHBACH, C.; DRAGOI, I.; SOZANSCHI, M.;
NEGRU, D.; DONCIU, Iv.; GIUGLIA, M.

Studies of the incidence of several helminth infections in humans and
the relation of the latter to canine helminthiasis. Stud. cercet.
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1. Comunicare prezentata la Institutul de inframicrobiologie al Academiei
R.P.R. in sedinta din 17 octombrie 1956.

(HELMINTH INFECTIONS, epidemiology
in rural Rumania, incidence & distribution, relation to
canine helminthiasis)

GIULEVA, Tsv., inzh.

A patriotic initiative of the Georgi Tsanev, Kostadin Bachkov, and Khasan Manafov Brigades of the 6th Section. Gorubso State Mining Enterprise. Min delo 18 no.1:31-34 Ja '63.

1. Nachalnik na otdel "Proizvodstveno-tehnicheski" pri VI rudoupravlenie, DMP "Gorubso".

GIUL', K.K.

Theory and practice of determining the maximum wave. Uch.zap.AGU
no.4:21-36 '55. (MLBA 9:12)
(Waves)

Category: USSR/General Division. Congresses. Conventions. Conferences. A-4

Abs Jour: Referat Zh.-Biol., No 9, 10 May 1957, 34926

Author : Giul, K.K.

Inst : not given

Title : The Scientific Session of the Azerbaydzhan State University,
Dedicated to the Two Hundredth Year of the Moscow State M.V.
Lomonosov University

Orig Pub: Uch. zap. Azerb. un-t, 1955, No 8, 95-103

Abstract: No abstract.

Card : 1/1

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establishment. Przegl geogr 32 no.3:355-359 '60. (ERAI 10:3)
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GIULEA, A.

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p. 94 (Revista De Chimie) Vol. 7, no. 2, Feb. 1956
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April 1958

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

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GIULMENTOV, Boris

Experimental base at the G. Dimitrov State Chemical Factory,
Kostinbrod. Ratsionalizatsiia 13 no.1:1-3 '63.

GIULEV, AT

FILIPOV, L.; GIULEV, At.; PAVLOV, Vl.

Novocaine block in otorhinolaryngology. Khirurgia, Sofia 9 no.7-8:
669-676 1956.

1. Vlash meditsinski institut "I. P. Pavlov"--plovdiv katedra po
ushni, nosni, i gurleni bolesti Zav. katedrata: dots. M. Botumarov.
(OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGICAL DISEASES, therapy,
procaine nerve block (Bul))
(PROCAINE, therapeutic use
otorhinolaryngol. dis., nerve block (Bul))
(ANESTHESIA, REGIONAL, therapeutic use,
procaine nerve block in otorhinolaryngol. dis. (Bul))

GIULEVA, TS.

"Fighting the mine dust in the USSR."

P.64 (Minno Delo, Vol. 12, no. 5, Sept./Oct. 1957, Sofia, Bulgaria)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vbl. 7, No. 8, August 1958

GIULEVA, TS.; GERDZHILOV, T.

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MINNO DELO, Sofia, Bulgaria, Vol. 14, no. 2, Mar./Apr. 1959.

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Unclass

GIULI-KEVCHIAN, R. S.

Akopian, A. N., and Giuli-Kevchian, R. S.- "Cuprene Polymerization of the Acetylene Hydrocarbons. I. Cuprene from Monovinylacetylene" (p. 1536)

SO: Journal of General Chemistry, (Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii), 1947, Vol. 17, No. 3

GIUMIUSA, V. 1.

Use of the party and government in the state in the history.
Elo 1. This 7 no. 402-81 104

1. High School No. 10, Sofia.

L 40140-7

ACC NR: AP6028581

SOURCE CODE: UR/0129/66/000/008/0002/0006

AUTHOR: Bokshteyn, S. Z.; Giunashvili, D. A.; Gudkova, T. I.; Kishkin, S. T.

ORG: none

TITLE: Vaporization and pore formation in aluminum-zinc and copper-zinc alloys

SOURCE: Metallovedeniye i termicheskaya obrabotka metallov, no. 8, 1966, 2-6

TOPIC TAGS: aluminum ^{base} alloy, copper ^{base} alloy, ~~alloy~~ vacuum sublimation, ~~metal~~ porosity / IL68 copper ^{base} alloy, V92 aluminum base alloy

ABSTRACT: Vaporization and pore formation in L68 brass (Zn—32%; Cu—68%), and V92 (Fe—0.15%; Mn—0.61%; Si—0.11%; Mo—4.18%; Zn—3.20%) and A (Zn—9.10%) aluminum-base alloys have been investigated at temperatures up to about 700C in a vacuum of 10^{-3} — 10^{-6} torr. It was found that in copper-zinc alloy, the pores form in the whole volume of specimens, while in aluminum-base alloys, the pores form on the surface by vaporization of grain portions and even whole grains. The rate of vaporization and pore formation was affected by stresses

Card 1/2

UDC: 669.7135:539.378.3

ACC NR: AP6028581

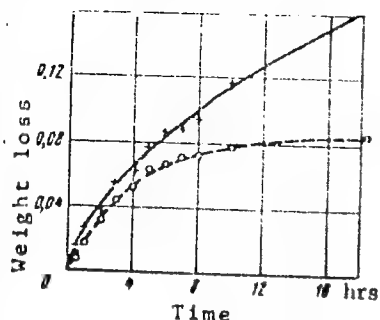


Fig. 1. Time dependence of weight loss at 750C for unstressed specimen (broken line) and a specimen under tension of 15 kg/mm² (solid line)

(see Fig. 1). The weight loss of an aluminum-alloy specimen under a tensile stress of 0.3 kg/mm² in 20 hr at 500C was six times greater than that of an unstressed specimen. However, at 550C the effect of stresses on the vaporization rate was negligible. It was also established that in aluminum alloys, the pores form around structure defects, mainly at the grain boundaries. Therefore, electrolytically polished specimens vaporized more slowly and formed fewer pores than conventionally polished specimens. Tensile stress intensifies pore formation at the grain boundaries. In the subsequent stages, diffusion determines the rate of vaporization and pore formation. The amount of pores and the rate of their formation increases with a temperature increase; however, after the pores are

formed, no significant increase in their size and number was observed with prolonged exposure time. With increasing zinc content, the amount of evaporated zinc and the number and depth of pores increase rapidly. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 3 tables.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 004/ ATD PRESS: 5063 [TD]

GIUNIO, Nenad

GIUNIO, Nenad

Testing the duration of activity of antibiotics in exudate.
Tuberkuloza, Beogr. 5 no.5-6:432-439 Nov-Dec 53.

1. Institut za tuberkulozu na Golniku (Direktor dr. T.Furlan)
Rad primljen 10.VIII.1953.

(STREPTOMYCIN

*concentration in exudate after intrapleural inject.,
duration of action)

(EXUDATES AND TRANSUDATES

*concentration of streptomycin in pleural exudate following
intrapleural inject., duration of action)

GIUNIO, Nenad

GIUNIO, Nenad, dr.; VOZEL, Justi, dr.

Isonicotinic acid hydrazide therapy of the pulmonary tuberculosis.
Tuberkuloza, Beogr. 6 no.1:31-40 Jan-Feb 54.

1. Institut za tuberkulozu N.R.Slovenije - Golnik (direktor prim.
dr. Tomaz Furlan)

(TUBERCULOSIS, PULMONARY, ther.

*isoniazid)

(NICOTINIC ACID ISOMERS, ther. use

*isoniazid in pulm. tuberc.)

GIUNIO, Nenad, dr.

The resistance of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* to PAS. Tuberkuloza,
Beogr. 6 no.2-3:135-141 Mar-June 54.

1. Institut za tuberkulozu, Golnik (direktor prim. dr. T.Furlan)
(PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID, eff.
on *M. tuberc.*, resist.)
(*MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS*, eff. of drugs on
PAS resist.)

GIUNIO, Nenad, Dr.

The treatment of tuberculosis with tuberculostatic drugs. Tuberkuloza, Beogr. 6 no.5-6:284-292 Sept-Dec '55.

1. Institut za tuberkulozu NR Slovenije--Golnik (direktor: prim. dr T.Furlan)

(TUBERCULOSIS, PULMONARY, ther. antibiotics & chemother.(Ser))

(CHEMOTHERAPY, in various dis. tuberc.,pula(Ser))

(ANTIBIOTICS, ther.use, tuberc.,pula(Ser))

GIUNIO, Nenad, Dr.

Determination of sensitivity threshold of Koch's bacillus
to viomycin. Tuberkuloza, Beogr. 7 no.4:229-238 July-Aug
55.

1. Iz Instituta za tuberkulozu na Golniku (direktor: prim. dr.
T. Furlan).

(VIOMYCIN, eff.

on M. tuberc., resist., comparison with other
antibiotics (Ser))

(MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, eff. of drugs on,
viomycin, threshold of resist., comparison with other
antibiotics (Ser))

GIUNIO, Nenad, Dr.

Testing of twofold resisting Koch's bacilli. Tuberkuloza,
Beogr. 7 no.4:260-269 July-Aug 55.

1. Iz Instituta za tuberkulozu na Golniku (direktor: prim.
dr. T. Furlan).

(MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, eff. of drugs on,
isoniazid, para-aminosalicylic acid & streptomycin,
twofold resist. testing (Ser))

(NICOTINIC ACID ISOMERS, eff.
isoniazid on M. tuberc., twofold resist. testing (Ser))

(PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID, eff.
on M. tuberc., twofold resist. testing (Ser))

(STREPTOMYCIN, eff.
same)

GIUNIO, Nenad, dr.

Personal experiences with I.U.T.M., a new culture medium for
Koch's bacillus. Tuberkuloza, Beogr. 8 no.6:377-380 Nov-Dec '56.

1. Iz Instituta za tuberkulozu NR Slovenije na Golniku (direktor:
prim. dr. T. Furian).

(MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, culture

IUTM, comparison with Lowenstein-Jensen medium (Ser))

GIUNIO, Nenad, dr.

Death caused by surgical treatment in the years 1951-1954 and vital capacity. Tuberkuloza, Beogr. 8 no.6:394-400 Nov-Dec '56.

1. Institut za tuberkulozu NR Slovenije na Golniku (direktor: prim. dr. T. Furlan).

(TUBERCULOSIS, PULMONARY, surg.

relation of vital capacity to postop. mortality (Ser))

(RESPIRATION,

vital capacity, relation to postop. death in pulm. tuberc. (Ser))

GIUNIO, Nenad, Dr.

First personal experiences with pyrazinamide. Tuberkuloza, Beogr.
9 no.1:44-49 Jan-Feb 57.

1. Iz Instituta za tuberkulozu NR Slovenije na Golniku (direktor: prim.
dr. T. Furlan)

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pyrazinamide in ther. of pulm. tuberc. (Ser))

(TUBERCULOSIS, PULMONARY, ther.

pyrazinamide (Ser))

GIUNIO, Nenad

Complications in resection and laboratory resistance. Tuber-
kuloza, Beogr. 11 no.2:193-198 '59.

1. Institut za tuberkulozu LRS, Golnik, direktor: prim. dr T. Furlan.
(PNEUMONECTOMY compl.)
(MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS pharmacol.)

GIUNIO, Nenad

Negative sputum and laboratory resistance. Tuberkuloza, Beogr.
11 no.4:491-498 O-D '59.

1. Institut za tuberkulozu NR Slovenije, Golnik (direktor: prim.
dr T. Furlan)
(ANTITUBERCULAR AGENTS ther.)
(SPUTUM microbiol.)

GIUNIO, Nenad

Fate of patients treated in Golnik during 1954 and the laboratory resistance..Tuberkuloza, Beogr. 11 no.4:507-515 O-D '59.

1. Institut za tuberkulozu NR Slovenije, Golnik, direktor: prim. dr T. Furlan.

(ANTITUBERCULAR AGENTS ther.)

GIUNIO, Nenad

Results of combined triple drug therapy with secondary anti-tubercular agents. Tuberkuloza 15 no.2:214-216 Ap-Je '63.

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dr Nenad Giunio.

(ANTITUBERCULAR AGENTS)

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GIUNIO, Nenad

Principles of modern therapy of resistant patients. Tuberkuloza
15 no.3:351-353 J1-D*63

Organization of a dispensary and modern trends in tuberculosis
control (3 year experience at the Ilidza Antituberculosis dis-
pensary). Ibid:431-439

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med.hab.dr. Nenad Giunio) i Dom zdravlja "Rava Jankovic",
Ilidza (upravnik: dr. S.Sabirhafizovic).

GIUNTER, prof. d-r.

Growing importance of statistical method in scientific treatment of practical transportation problems. Godishnik Inzh stroit inst 14 no.2:93-116 '62. [publ. '63]

BELOUGAIEV, G., dr.; ROMILA, A., dr.; GIUPAGEA, D., dr.; PIREK, St., dr.;
ROMILA, A., dr.; ELIAS, S., dr.; MIRONTOV, V., dr.; RETEZBANU, Al.
S., dr.

Considerations on the evolution of clinical forms of 250 cases of
schizophrenia. Nuerologia (Bucur) 10 no.2:109-118 Mr-Apr'65.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica de psihiatrie, Bucuresti.

PUGNA, I., ing.; GIURA, P., ing.

Technical improvement of the process of boiling cotton fabrics under pressure. Ind text Rum 12 no.10:415-416 0 '61.

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Corrosion

RUMANIA / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and H
Their Applications: Corrosion. Corrosion
Control.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-khimiya, No 9, 1959, 51703.

Author : Giuran, V.

Inst : Not given.

Title : Corrosion of Carbon Steel in a Medium of Sodium
Chloride, and Some Protection Methods.

Orig Pub: Rev. ind. aliment. prod. animale, 1958, No 1,
11-15.

Abstract: The basic causes which produce corrosion of car-
bon steel in a solution of NaCl, are examined.
There are stated, briefly, the course taken by
the mechanism of corrosion processes and the
different methods in the struggle against cor-
rosion as applied in practice. -- Ya. Matlis.

CIUHANDU, Gh.,dr. (Timisoara, Str. Michelangelo 1); KRALL, G. (Timisoara, Str. Michelangelo 1); GIURAN, V. (Timisoara, Str. Michelangelo 1)

Determination of carbon monoxide traces in carbon dioxide. Acta chimica Hung 28 no.1/3:171-177 '61. (EBAI 10:9)

1. Laboratorium der Chemischen Werke "TIMIS", Timisoara, Rumania.

(Carbon monoxide) (Carbon dioxide)

GIURAN, Valeriu

RUMANIA

GIURAN, Valeriu

Engr

Timisoara, Timisoara Medicala, Vol VII, no 2, Jul-Dec 62, pp 33-36.

"Investigations regarding the loss of Vitamin C in the
technological process of canning bell peppers."

RUMANIA

MURESANU, L. P., Prof; GIURAN, Valeriu, Ing.

Bucharest, Igiena, No 5, 1963, pp 459-465

"Studies on the Photometric Determination of the
Effect of GGN Orange Additives upon the Colors
of Certain Wines"

IAROVICI, M., candidat in stiinta economice; COSMA, M., ing.; DODU, A., ing.;
MACOVEI, M., ing.; GIURCA, Virginia; HARDT, Hedi, ing.

Aspects of the comparative economic efficiency of the main textile
technologies. Ind text Rum 15 no.11:573-580 N '64.

1. Institute for Textile Research, Bucharest.

GIURCANEANU, Cl.

Geographical distribution of settlements and population in Rumania.
Probleme geog 9:179-200 '62. (publ. '63)

GIURGANEANU, M., Lect. Univ. Bucuresti,

New informative data on the distribution of some plant
cultivars in Rumania according to soil and altitude.
Naturae Geographia 16 (1974) 19-22.

1. Introduction

The purpose of this study is to determine the effect of the treatment on the growth of the bacteria.

2. Materials and Methods

2.1. Bacteria

2.2. Media

2.3. Incubation

2.4. Results and Discussion

GIURCANEANU, D.

Let us take care of the practical education of our pupils with all our affection.
p. 4.

(CONSTRUCTORUL. Vol. 9, no. 379, Apr. 1957, Bucuresti, Rumania)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EMAL) LC. Vol. 6, No. 12, Dec. 1957.
Uncl.

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GIURCANEANU, Cl., lector (Bucuresti)

Some methodical considerations on the use of bibliographic
materials. Natura Geografie 14 no.2:67-72 Mr-Apr '62.

GIURCANU, Constantin, ing. (Bucuresti); STANCOVSKI, Al., ing.; GIURCANU, Cristina, ing. tehnolog

Contributions to the thermal treatment process (polymerization) of conductor enameling. Electrotehnica 12 no.7:250-258 J1 '64.

1. Head of the Scientific Research Laboratory of the Institute of Planning for Constructions and Building Materials, Bucharest (for Giurcanu, Constantin). 2. Scientific Researcher, Institute of Planning for Constructions and Building Materials, Bucharest (for Stancovski). 3. Cable and Electric Insulating Material Plant (for Giurcanu Cristina).

GIURCANU, Constantin, ing. (Bucuresti); STANCOVSKI, Al., ing.; GIURCANU, Cristina, ing. tehnolog

Contributions to the thermal treatment process (polymerization) of conductor enameling. Electrotehnica 12 no.7:250-258 J1 '64.

1. Head of the Scientific Research Laboratory of the Institute of Planning for Constructions and Building Materials, Bucharest (for Giurcanu, Constantin). 2. Scientific Researcher, Institute of Planning for Constructions and Building Materials, Bucharest (for Stancovski). 3. Cable and Electric Insulating Material Plant (for Giurcanu Cristina).

COUNTRY:	: Rumania	H-30
CATEGORY	:	
ABS. JOUR.	: RZhKhim., No. 5 1960, No.	20238
AUTHOR	: Gruder, G., Nicu, I., Giurcanu, I., and Raducanu, C.	
INSE.	: Not given	
TITLE	: The Complex Utilization of Alluvial Sands in the RPR. Communication II. The Production of Titanium Whites in an Experimental Plant.	
ORIG. PUB.	: Rev Chim, 9, No 7-8, 382-386, Discussion 386 (1958)	
ABSTRACT	: Ilmenite concentrates free of SiO_2 and concentrates containing up to 15% SiO_2 which have not been treated by the electromagnetic process were tested in a pilot plant in the RPR. It has been established that Rumanian ilmenites, even when they contain silica, can be used as raw material in the industrial production of TiO_2 of up to 99% purity. For Communication I see RZhKhim, 1958, No 3, 7467.	
		B. Shemyakin
CARD:	1/1	

CH. 10. ANNU, U. S., S. 1. 1875.

0 104.

0 1.

GIURCONIU, M.

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Operating the canalization network under pressure. Bul St
si Tehn Tim 9 no.1:245-250 Ja-Je '64.

ZBEGAN, V.; JURA, C.; GIURCONIU, M.; NICOARA, T.; POPA, Gh.; CRETU, Gh.;
BOTA, A.

Treating surface waters for industrial use. Bul St si Tehn Tim
9 no.1:297-304 Ja-Je '64.

1. Submitted June 24, 1964.

ZBEGAN, V.; JURA, C.; GIERCONIU, M.; NICOARA, Tr.; CREZUT, Gai., MIREL, I.;
MEDELEANU, V.; SCHMIDT, M.; COSTIN, Elena

Study of the treating of surface waters for obtaining drinking
water in the semi-industrial laboratory. Bul St st Tehn Tim 9
no.2:617-624 J1-D '64.

BRON, Vasile, ing., prof. emerit. JURA, Corneil, ing.;
GIURCOINU, Mihail, ing., NICCARA, Trelar, ing.

Research and results obtained at the treatment station
and aeration apparatus of the surface water plant in
the city of Timisoara. Hidrotehnic apele meteor 9 no.1413-17
Jan.